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Genetic variability and multivariate evaluation of mungbean genotypes for heat stress tolerance and yield stability

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Abstract

Climate change poses significant challenges for plant growth and development. Among these, heat stress has emerged as a major concern, severely affecting various physiological processes in mungbean, including disruption of flowering, reduced seed setting, and impaired pod development. These impacts ultimately lead to a substantial reduction in yield, posing a critical challenge for mungbean production under high-temperature conditions. To address this issue, the present study aimed to evaluate heat tolerance in 25 mungbean genotypes. The experiment was performed in a randomised complete block design on two sowing dates: normal sowing (39°C/26°C) and late sowing for heat treatment (47°C/30°C). Significant variations were observed among treatments, genotypes, and genotype × treatment interactions, indicating differential responses to heat stress. Genetic variability analysis showed alternations in genotypic (GV) and phenotypic (PV) variations, while high heritability (H²) and genetic advance percentage mean (GAM) were observed for yield-related traits, indicating their potential for genetic improvement. A significantly positive correlation of plant height, number of seeds per pod, and 100-seed weight with seed yield was recorded under both normal and stress conditions, respectively. Principal component analysis revealed a high contribution of seed yield, yield index, geometric mean productivity, tolerance, stress tolerance index, and mean productivity for PC1 and PC2. Cluster analysis revealed that genotypes retained in Cluster 1 and Cluster 2 could be utilised to combine yield and stress stability indices in breeding programs. Overall, genotypes NM-98, NM-108, NM-2011, NM-2225, NM-93, and NM-203 emerged as potential genotypes for heat tolerance, offering valuable genetic resources for improving mungbean cultivars under high-temperature conditions.

Keywords: Crop physiology, crop production, heat stress, multivariate analysis, mungbean