Perception of changes in agroecological practices of dairy farms by smallholders in Mexico

D.A. Plata-Reyes¹, D.M. Pizarro², C.G.Martínez-García¹, M.A. Wattiaux² and C. M. Arriaga-Jordán

¹Instituto de Ciencias Agropecuarias y Rurales (ICAR) Universidad Autónoma del Estado de México (UAEM), Toluca, México ²Department of Animal & Dairy Sciences, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, USA







Introduction

- The TAPE (Tool for Agroecology Performance Evaluation) is a novel tool developed by FAO to collect data on how the 10 Elements of Agroecology can contribute to sustainable food and agricultural systems.
- Its 3rd step involves a participatory analysis of survey results with participant farmers.
- Objective: To assess the perception of participants farmers regarding the likelihood of change in agroecological practices and to determine key actors responsible for these changes.
- A 2-hour workshop was conducted in Aculco, Mexico (n=12 participants).
- Using a Likert-scale from -2 (Very unlikely) to 2 (Very likely), farmers rated their likelihood of changing practices related to the Elements of Agroecology.
- To identify key actors responsible for these changes, participant farmers were tasked with allocating 10 points among 5 options: individual, community, or government at the municipal, regional, or central level.
- The median and interquartile range are used as a measure of central tendency.

Results: Participant's perceptions

Table 1. Likelihood of change in agroecological practices

Elements of Agroecology –	México	
	Median	IQR
Diversity	1.0	1.5
Synergies	0.5	1.0
Efficiency	1.0	1.0
Recycling	2.0	1.0
Resilience	1.0	1.0
Culture & food traditions	1.0	2.0
Co-creation & sharing of knowledge	1.0	1.0
Human & social values	1.0	1.0
Circular & solidarity economy	1.0	1.0
Responsible governance	1.0	0.0
IQR: Interquartile range		

Materials & Methods

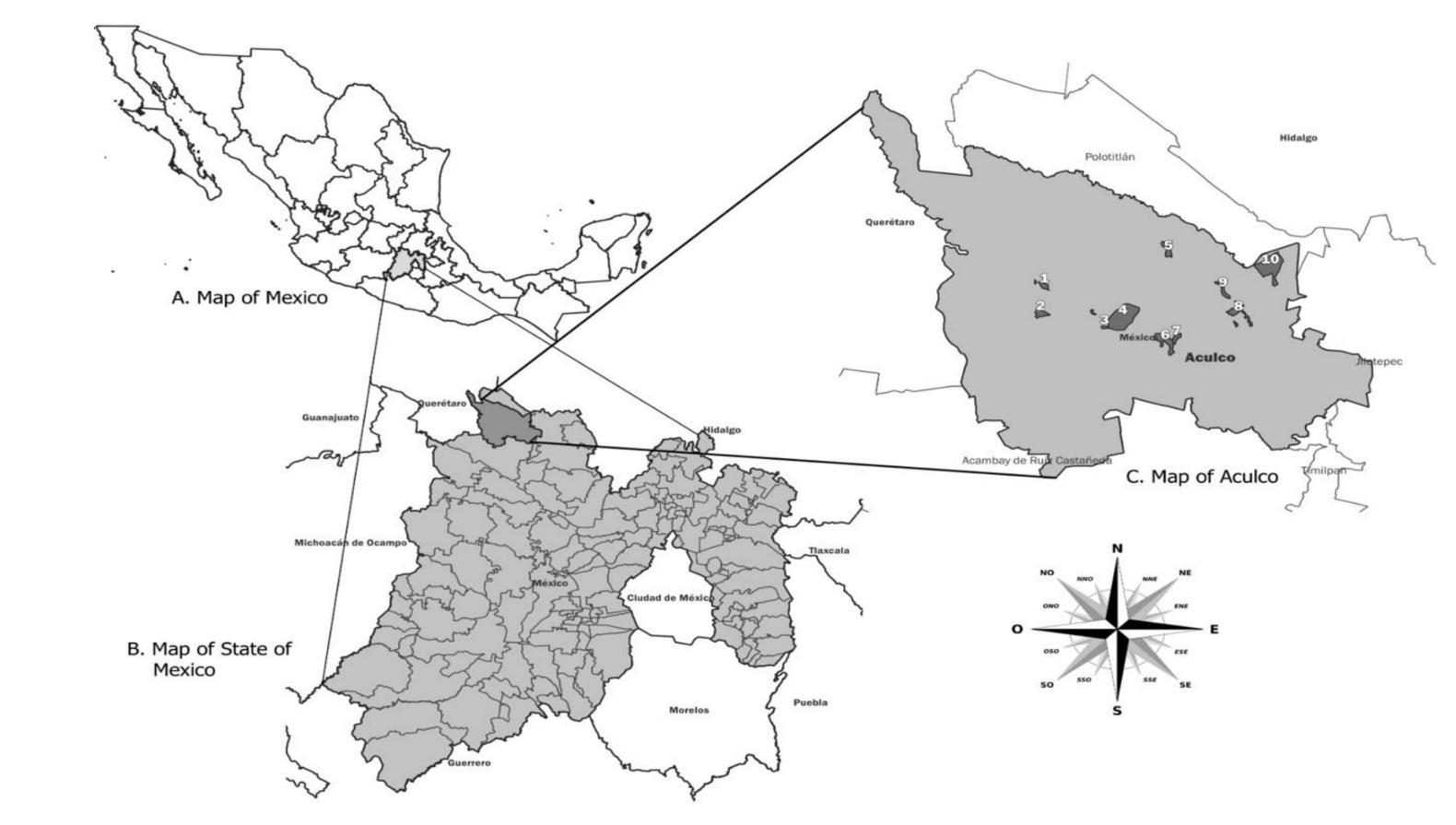


Figure 1. Maps of Mexico (1), the State of Mexico (2), and the Municipality of Aculco (3).

Results: Participant's perceptions

Table 2. Key actors responsible for changes in agroecological changes mexico

	QR 0
Recycling Individual 5.0 5	
	\cap
Community 0.0 3	
Municipal 0.0 2	\mathbf{O}
gov.	2.0
Regional gov. 1.0 ^b 2	.0
Central gov. 0.0 0	.0
Resilience Individual 4.0 6	0.0
Community 2.0 ^a 4	4.0
Municipal 1.0a 2	2.0
gov.	··U
Regional gov. 2.0 ^b 5	.0
Central gov. 0.0 0	0.0
Culture & food traditions Individual 8.0 4	. 0
Community 2.5 ^a 3	.0
Municipal 0.0 1	.0
gov.	··U
Regional gov. 0.0 1	.0
Central gov. 0.0	.0
Co-creation & sharing of knowledge Individual 4.4 5	.0
Community 2.5 ^a 4	. 0
Municipal	\cap
gov. 0.0 4	4.0
Regional gov. 2.6 2	.0
Central gov. 0.0 3	.0

Conclusions & Implications

- Farmers demonstrated a willingness to independently implement agroecological practices on their farms, but in some cases, highlighted the need for community (México).
- In evaluating the workshop, farmers showed a high degree of interest in learning more about agroecological practices.
- This study provides a case study on giving smallholder farming communities a voice to chart their own future.