Priority tree species for forest restoration and enhancing livelihoods and ecosystem services in Ethiopia

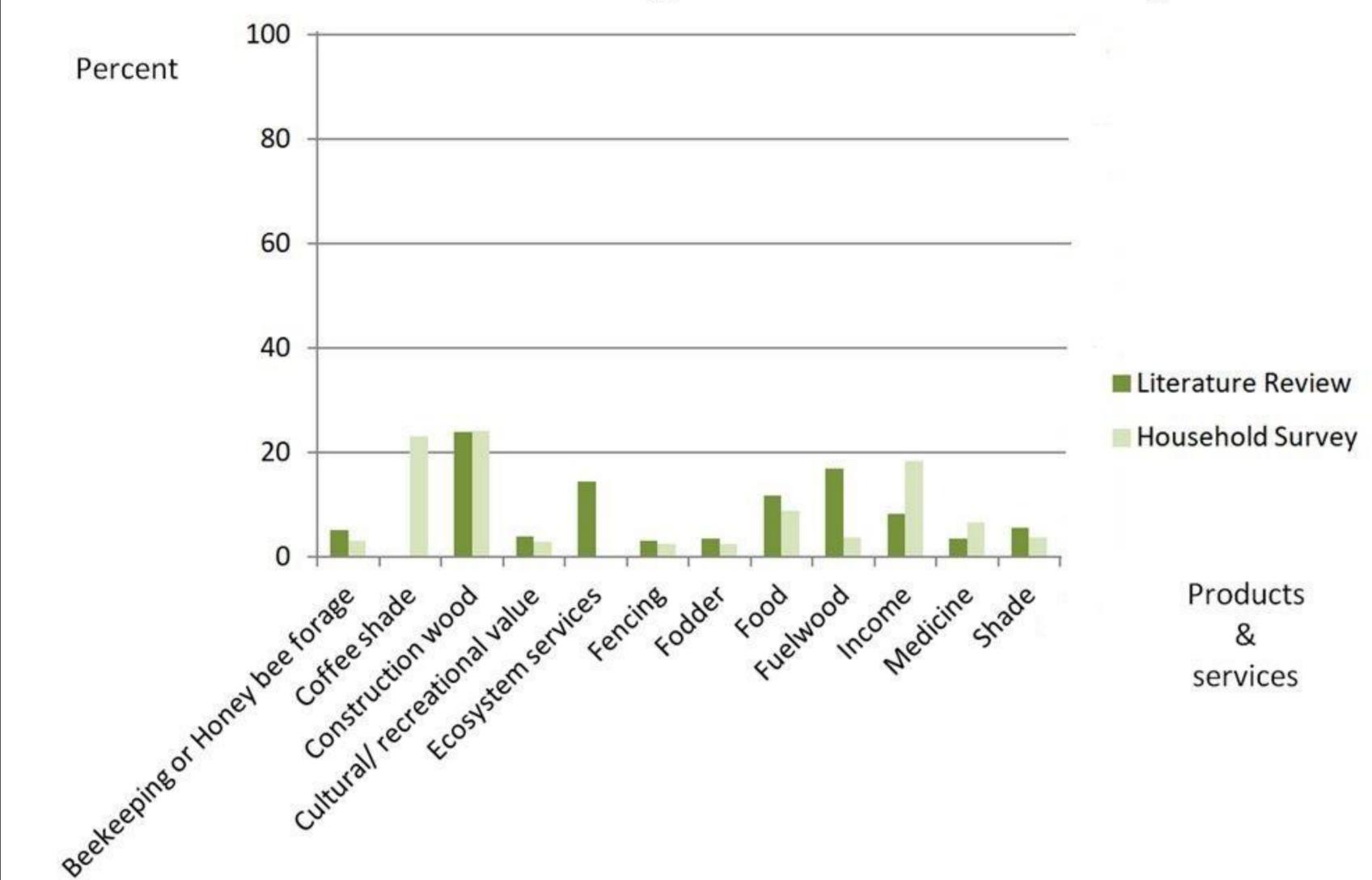
Objectives

- •Key results of forest restoration projects in Ethiopia over the last 30 years.
- •Identification of the most suitable tree species to complete communities' needs as well as to be resilient to climate change.

Results

- Community involvement
- Involvement at implementation phase
- Inclusion of beneficiaries (women, youth, marginal & poor households)
- Seeds and seedlings procurement
- Collection on few mother trees & in forests
- Shortage & unavailability in formal system
- Tree species selection
- Multipurpose species
- Mix of native & exotic species
- Preferred species not necessary planted

Graph 1: Communities' needs of forests products & services identified through household survey



Material & Methods

- Literature review (n=89) over last 30 years in Ethiopia
- *俗Household survey (n=320) in Oromia -Jimma -Illu Aba Bora

Land tenure

- Ethiopian State = Landlord
- Insecure land tenure = low willingness to reforest

Resilience to climate change

- High potential of native species
- Cordia africana, Olea europea,
 & genus Acacia spp..

Table 1: Preferred tree species identified through household survey, n=native

Rank	Tree species	Tree species
	(Latin name)	(Local name)
1	Cordia africana (n)	Wadeessa
2	Albizia gumifera or	Ambabeessa
	schimperiana (n)	
3	Croton macrostachyus	Bakanisa/
	(n)	Makkanisa
4	Ficus vasta (n)	Qilxuu
5	Ficus sycomorus (n)	Oddaa
6	Acacia spp. (n)	Laaftoo
7	Prunus africana (n)	Hoomii/ Homo
8	Ficus sur (n)	Arbuu/ Harbu
9	Syzygium guineense (n)	Badeessa
10	Acacia lahai (n)	Sondii
11	Sapium elipticum (n)	Bosoqa
12	Podocarpus falcatus (n)	Birbirsa

Conclusion

Most suitable tree species to complete communities' needs & enhancing resilience to climate change:

Cordia africana, Croton macrostachyus, Olea europea and the genus Acacia spp.

Further research on:

Availability of seeds & seedlings

Genetic quality of seeds

Expansion of diversity of species used

Examination of bottlenecks







School of Agricultural, Forest and Food Sciences HAFL

Bachelor Thesis in Agriculture Specialisation: International Agriculture Author: Déglise Guillaume

Supervisor: Giuliani Alessandra (HAFL) and Barbara Vinceti (Alliance Bioversity-CIAT)

Zollikofen, decembre 2020