# **Tropentag, September 5—17 2021 virtual conference**fect of Three Plant Extract on Growth Performance, and Sensory Properties of Broiler Birds

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#### INTRODUCTION

The use of synthetically-produced substances especially antibiotic growth promoters has been found to have objectionable sideeffects (Makanjuola et al., 2014)

The use of medicinal plant either alone or in group (combination) as possible therapeutic measures has become a subject of active scientific investigation (Oyewole, 2012).

Medicinal plants enhance natural resistance to infection due to the presence of bioactive phytochemicals or phyto-nutrients.

### RESULTS **Table 2: Sensory Evaluation**

Parameters	T <sup>1</sup> (0ml) Control	T <sup>2</sup> (100ml) Mango	T3(100ml) Pawpaw	T4(100ml) Guava	SEM
Appearance	7.70	6.80	7.00	6.00	1.02
Colour	8.10	7.20	7.30	7.00	0.57
Texture	8.87 <sup>a</sup>	6.87 <sup>c</sup>	8.12 <sup>ab</sup>	6.50 <sup>cd</sup>	0.54
Juiciness	3.60	3.90	3.40	3.90	0.48
Tenderness	5.85 <sup>a</sup>	$4.00^{b}$	3.20°	5.60 <sup>a</sup>	0.23
Taste	4.20 <sup>a</sup>	$3.00^{c}$	$4.00^{ab}$	$2.30^{d}$	0.26
Flavour	4.10	3.70	3.89	3.20	1.08
Acceptability	2.30	2.25	2.50	1.50	0.62

<sup>a-c</sup> Means in the same row with different superscripts are significantly

#### MATERIALS AND METHODS

- ◆ Experiment done at Ebonyi State University, Abakaliki, Nigeria
- ◆Mango, Guava and Pawpaw leaves extract were used at same levels of 100mls levels
- ♦500g each of mango, guava and pawpaw leaves were squeezed in a liter of water and sieved
- Growth and Sensory parameters were evaluated

# different (p<0.05). DISCUSSION

- ◆The meat tenderness were higher on the control groups and guava compared to other treatment groups
- ◆Control groups and pawpaw group had better texture and taste compared to other groups.
- ◆There were no effect on the colour, appearance and overall acceptability of the meat.

#### RESULTS

Table 1: Growth Performance Characteristics

Parameters	$T^1$ (0ml)	$T^2$	T3	T4	SEM
	Control	(100ml)	(100ml)	(100ml)	
		Mango	Pawpaw	Guava	
Initial Body Weight (g)	186.28	185.30	187.20	183.07	2.68
Final Body Weight (g)	2097.57 <sup>c</sup>	2400.33	2623.00 <sup>a</sup>	2231.67 <sup>b</sup>	10.35
Body Weight Gain (g)	1911.2 <sup>b</sup>	2212.4 <sup>a</sup>	2438.3 <sup>a</sup>	2048.6 <sup>b</sup>	14.28
AV.Daily Weight Gain	34.14 <sup>c</sup>	36.13 <sup>c</sup>	39.96 <sup>b</sup>	42.36 <sup>a</sup>	0.26
Total Feed Intake (g)	5600.00 <sup>c</sup>	6153.5 b	5443.3 <sup>c</sup>	7166.67 <sup>a</sup>	172.8
Av.DailyFeed Intake (g)	99.99 <sup>c</sup>	97.17 <sup>b</sup>	109.89 <sup>b</sup>	127.97	3.08
Total water intake (ml)	8400.20	8164.99	9230.34	10750.55	205
Av.Dailywaterintake(ml)	150.50	145.81	164.82	191.96	11.40
Feed Conversion Ratio	2.93 <sup>b</sup>	2.56 <sup>b</sup>	2.07 <sup>c</sup>	3.21 <sup>a</sup>	0.42
Mortality Rate (%)	28.0 <sup>a</sup>	14.20 <sup>b</sup>	$0.00^{c}$	9.50 <sup>b</sup>	0.15

 $<sup>^{</sup>a-c}$  Means in the same row with different superscripts are significantly different (p<0.05).

FIG. 1: Sample of Pawpaw Leaf



FIG. 2: Sample of Guava Leaf

#### CONCLUSION

- . Among the three plant extract used for this study, groups on pawpaw had the best weight gain with low feed conversion ratio.
- The zero mortality rate observed on pawpaw groups showed that the anti-oxidative and antibacterial properties of pawpaw extract is more effective in boosting the immunity of the birds.

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#### DISCUSSION

- . The final body weight and body weight gain were significantly (p<0.05) higher on groups administered pawpaw leaves followed by groups on mango and guava respectively
- . Feed conversion ratio was also significantly (p<0.05) influenced where T<sub>3</sub>(pawpaw) had the best feed utilization.
- . Zero mortality was recorded on T<sub>3</sub>