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"Filling gaps and removing traps for sustainable resource management"

Influence of Compost, Lime and NPK on Performance of three Cassava Varieties

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Abstract

Soil fertility is one of the major limitations to productivity of Cassava (*Manihot esculenta* Crantz). The use of different soil amendments such as fertilisers could improve the productivity of cassava and also increase the fertility of the soil. Thus, the potential of brewery-based compost, lime and NPK 15:15:15 were evaluated on the growth and yield of three cassava varieties (TMS01/1393, TMS1980581 and TMS101/0040).

The study was conducted at the International Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Ibadan, Nigeria. The experiment was a 4 factorial randomised complete block design in a split plot arrangement with three replicates. The first factor was compost application at 2 levels nil versus 5 Mg ha⁻¹; second factor was NPK 15:15:15 at 2 levels: nil versus 500 kg ha⁻¹ (equivalent to 75:33:62 kg ha⁻¹ N:P:K); third factor was lime at 2 levels: nil versus 500 kg ha⁻¹; fourth factor was the cassava variety at 3 levels: TMS01/1393, TMS1980581 and TMS101/0040, with the input combinations nested within varieties. Cassava was planted at 1 by 0.5 m distance and harvested after 12 months.

TMS01/1393 had the highest stem yield with an average of 22.65 t ha⁻¹ followed by TMS1980581 20.60 t ha⁻¹ and TMS101/0040 14.30 t ha⁻¹. Compost + lime combination gave the highest stem yield (42.54 t ha⁻¹, p \leq 0.0001), significantly different from other treatments.

Root yield across all treatments of TMS01/1393 was $36.96 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ fresh mass (FM) and $10.29 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ dry mass (DM), for TMS1980581 root fresh yield was $25.13 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ and $7.01 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ DM, and TMS101/0040 produced $28.00 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM being $6.33 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ DM. Combination of compost + lime had the highest yield in TMS01/1393 at $42.32 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM (10.97 t ha⁻¹ DM) which was not statistically different from the control at $40.29 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM (9.40 t ha⁻¹ DM). There was a significant increase over the control yield $22.14 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ (5.14 t ha⁻¹ DM) of TMS101/0040 in the following combinations: compost + lime + fertiliser $36.06 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM (8.20 t ha⁻¹ DM), compost + fertiliser $36.60 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM (8.55 t ha⁻¹ DM), lime + fertiliser $34.85 \text{ t} \text{ ha}^{-1}$ FM (8.36 t ha⁻¹ DM).

Keywords: Cassava, compost, lime, NPK, soil fertility

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