

The Project ATTRACAP: **Optimization of an attract-and-kill strategy for** wireworm control in potato

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Background and Objectives

In the last years wireworm damage

The larvae use CO₂ to locate the

Currently, effective plant protection



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has become an increasing problem; even low populations of these polyphagous soil dwelling larvae of click beetles (Agriotes spp.) can lead to severe economic losses, especially in potato cultivation.

roots of living plants. During their active period from March to May and in August/September they drill tunnels in the potato tuber. They may live up to five years in soil before pupating.

strategies are not available.

Chemical insecticides have recently been restricted or abandoned and crop rotation or disturbance of soil does not lead to considerable wireworm reduction.



Control strategy based on previous projects (ATTRACT, INBIOSOIL): Capsules release CO₂ produced by baker's yeast (*S. cerevisiae*)¹. An entomopatho-

genic fungus (*Metarhizium brunneum*)

acts as the kill compound.

When the capsules are applied in soil they absorb its moisture, thereby

initiating the attracting agent's production process as well as the growth of fungus spores out of the capsules². Wireworms are attracted to the CO₂ source and get infected with fungus conidia by contact with the capsules. After 1-2 weeks the larvae are killed by the fungus³.

Objectives

joint project

- > Fine-tuning of formulation
- \geq Further development of innovative formulation technology (230 t in 2017)
- Testing and validation under varying field conditions
- \geq Improving efficacy levels of the product ATTRACAP[®] and reducing production costs

Project Structure

