Goal

ntify appropriate on approaches for holder farmers in a & East Africa. sis is on identifying ches that address the tages faced by women s. The project goes I technological tion, and looks at approaches suit menomen farmers' land time constraints, to finance, and ance structure.



Approach

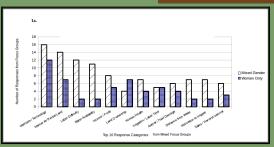
- Develop innovations in collaboration with irrigation committees selected by farmers at 5 sites in Eastern Uganda with diverse agro-ecological and social systems.
- With a women empowerment NGO, engage women members to identify needs and work in a team to overcome challenges.
- Collect in-depth data on labor, cost, income, nutrition, physical pain, time use, empowerment, and other criteria identified by irrigators.

Research Sites



Red-marked Tier 1 sites represent breadth of hydrologic/climatic conditions and are focus of participatory research. Additional Tier 2 sites identified later will be used to extend promising annoaches.

User-Identified Irrigation Criteria



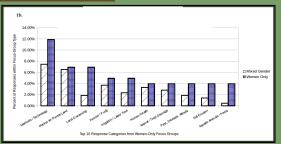


Fig 1a & b. These graphs show how different priorities are identified when identification is done by mixed gender focus groups vs. a women-only focus groups. In both cases, understanding and managing irrigation technologies is the key challenge.

Outputs

p problem-solution trees that ent approaches to overcome s' irrigation challenges.

user-guides with farmer input roving technology access and ance for agricultural extension vices providers.

sh women and men farmer to mentor future vegetable s seeking to use or improve on practices.

Problem - Solution Trees

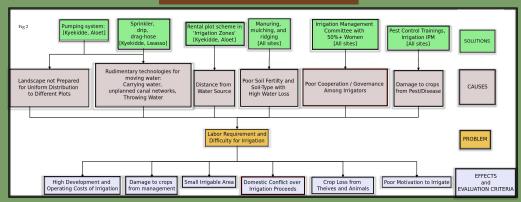


Fig 2. This graph describes solutions, problems, causes, and ways to evaluate the outcomes of the actions. Through focus groups, women farmers identify key challenges and possible solutions, aided by the research team.

ional Irrigation





Project Innovations





