

UTILISATION OF HIGH ACID MILK AT RURAL AND PERI-URBAN DAIRY HOUSEHOLDS IN NAKURU COUNTY, KENYA

Faith Ndungi^{*}, Patrick Muliro, Abdul Faraj and Joseph Matofari Department of Dairy, Food Science and Technology, Egerton University, Kenya. *Corresponding author. Email address: faith.ndungi@gmail.com +254722287712

THE PROBLEM

Large volumes of milk fail alcohol and lactometer tests. These tests indicate developed acidity and adulteration respectively. However, nutrient composition may remain stable, implying that rejected milk may still be utilised or

THE MESSAGE

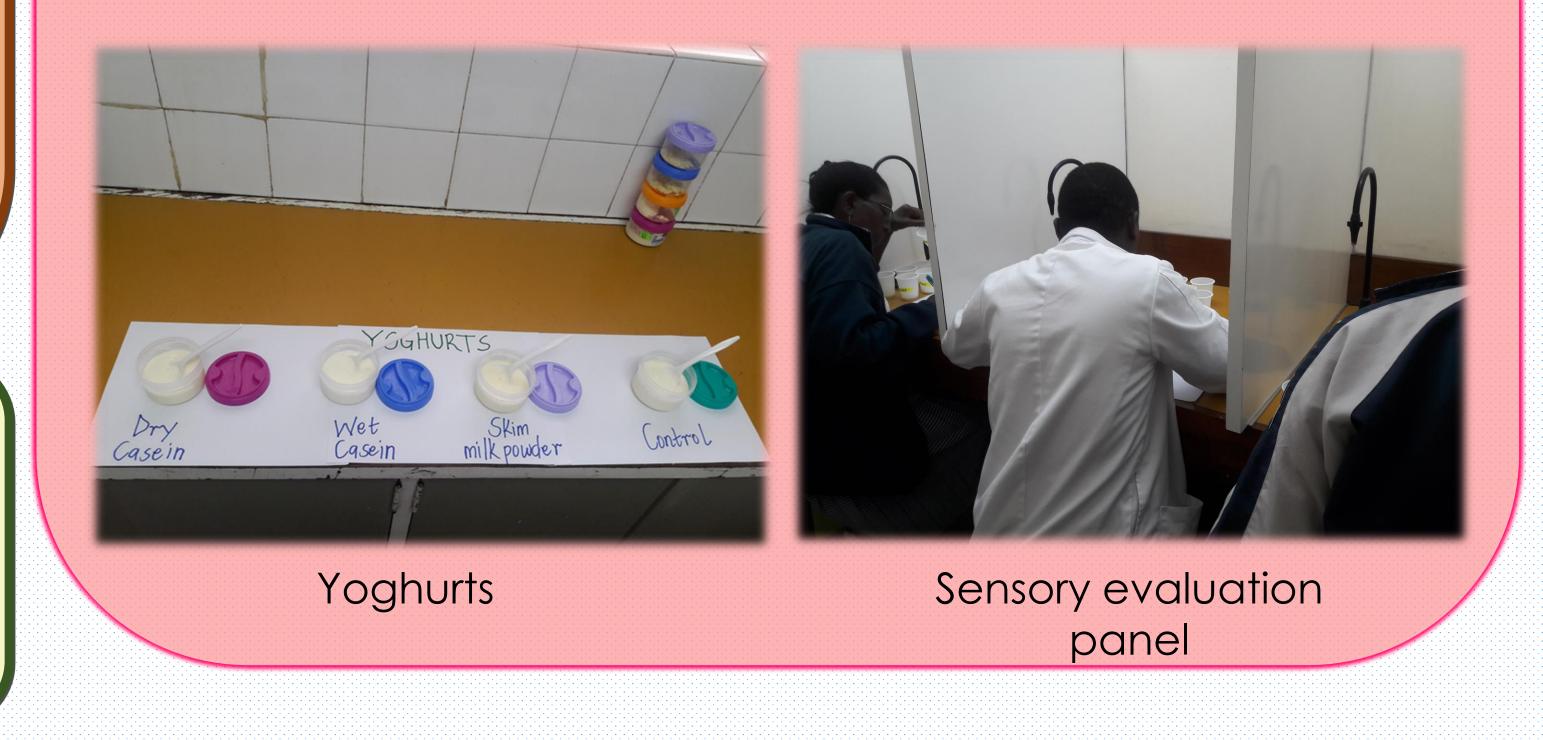
Milk rejection contributes to postharvest losses at farm level. Milk rejected on failure of alcohol test has been processed into a variety of

processed into other products.



OBJECTIVE Identify household uses of high acid milk and any product developed from this milk.

casein enriched yoghurts.



EVALUATION APPROACH

A participatory approach was implemented with farmers and milk collection centres operators using a semi-structured questionnaire in Focus Group Discussions.

FINDINGS

Milk rejection during the rainy and dry seasons.

Name of collection	Amount of milk	Frequency of milk	Milk losses (\$)	
centre	that fails tests	rejection		۲ †
Olenguruone Dairy	100 - 150 litres /	At least 2 times /	32 - 47/ month (rainy	k i
Cooperative	month (rainy	month (rainy	season)	ı f
Society (Rural)	season)	season)	95 / month (dry	r
	300 litres / month	At least 4 times /	season	S
	(dry season)	month (dry		f
		season)		İ
Wanyororo Dairy	50 - 100 litres /	At least 2 times /	16–32 / month (rainy	r
Cooperative	month (rainy	week (rainy	season)	(
Society (Peri-urban)	season)	season)	3–6/month (dry	K
	10 - 20 litres /	At least twice a	season)	(

Most of the high acid milk is traditionally processed into fermented milk while some farmers sell it to neighbours or feed to pets and calves.





RELOAD

REDUCING LOSSES





REFERENCE

Kurwijila LR (2006). Hygienic Milk Handling, Processing and Marketing Trainers Guide Volume 1.

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