

Water pumping in a southern moroccan oasis

Baali E.H., M. Azouggagh & O. Ahl Rchid
Agricultural Machinery Department
IAV Hassan II, Rabat, Morocco

Frequent droughts



Groundwater levels have fallen

Traditional systems not reliable



Pumping stations

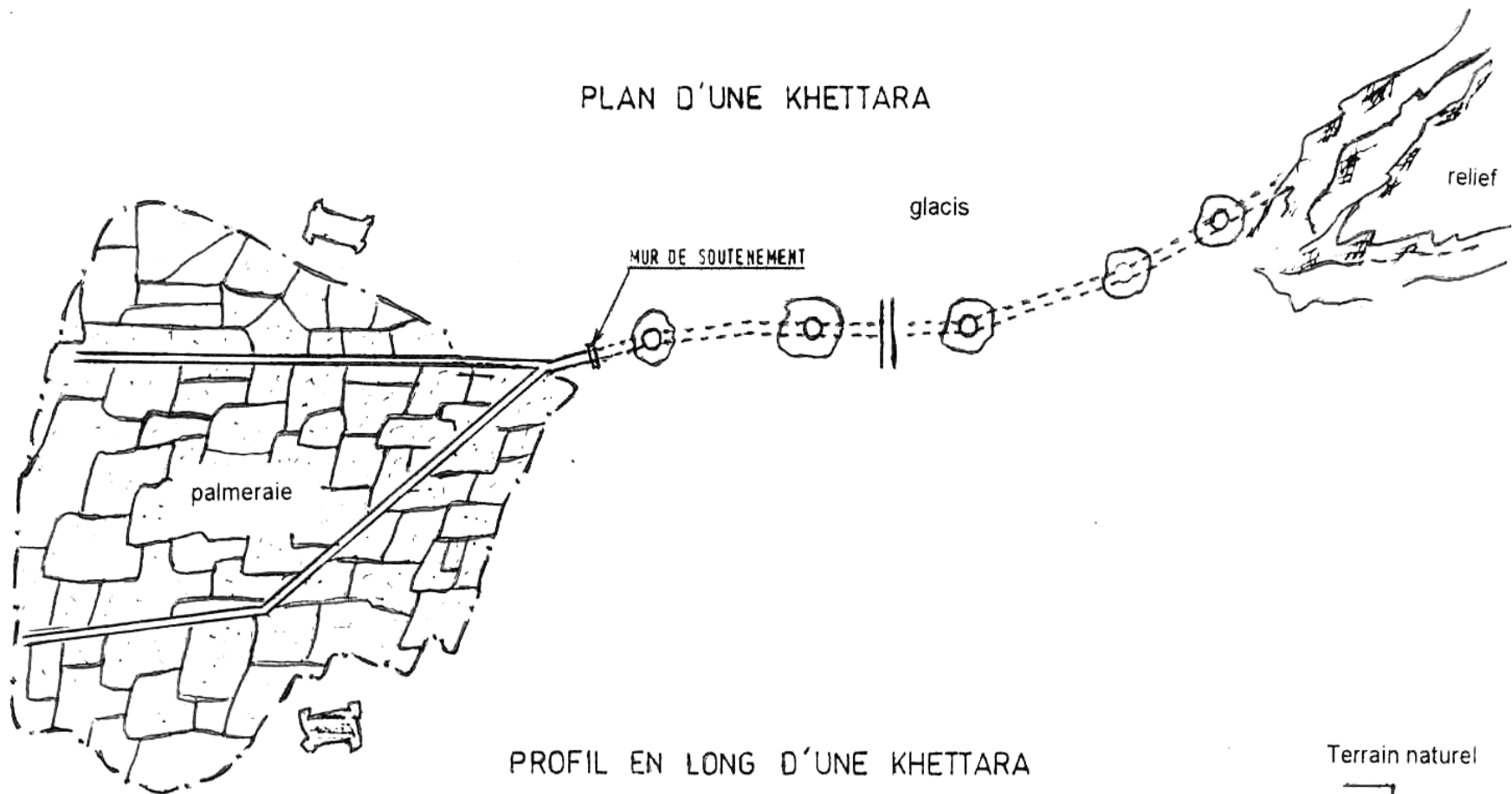
Objective

- Characterize pumping stations
 - technical aspects
 - economic & organizational
- Possible interventions to improve

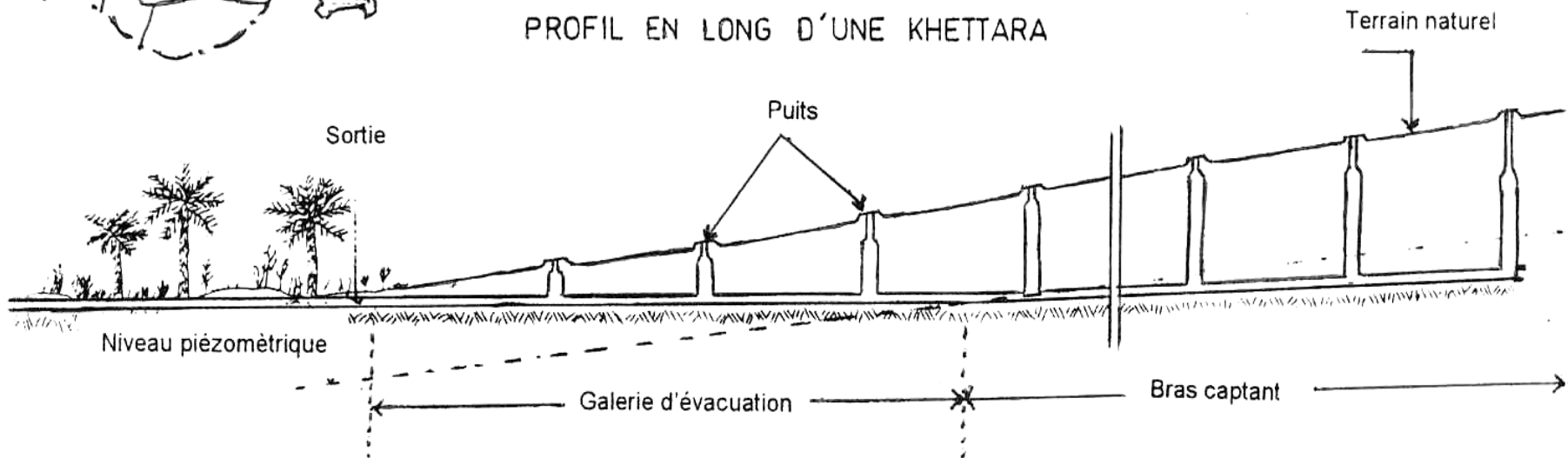
Site

- Jorf area / Tafilalet district
 - semi-arid to arid (50-250mm)
 - plain zone : river floods, khettara and pumping

PLAN D'UNE KHETTARA



PROFIL EN LONG D'UNE KHETTARA





Main crops

Crops	Average cultivated area	Average production [tons]
Cereals	40,000 ha	300,000
Vegetables	1,900 ha	37,000
Beans	1,600 ha	2,400
Henna	650 ha ²⁵	1,700
Alfalfa	9000 ha	580,000
Date palms	1.25 M. trs	27,000
Olive trees	1.0 M. trs	13,000
Apple trees	0.4 M. trs	6,000

Method

Survey

- Identification of land holdings
- Engine/motor : type, power, state
- Pump : type, flow rate, state
- Accessories : type, state
- Economic data, organizational aspects

Main results

1. Wells equipped between 1940 and 2001 with a major part after 1970
2. 3 kinds of stations
 - diesel engine - centrifugal pump : 71%
 - diesel engine - vertical axis pump : 19%
 - electric motor–vertical axis pump : 10%

Main results

- 3- 64% of the stations have concrete reservoir in wich 36% are cylindrical
- 4- 13 engine marks, 2 dominate with 69,5%
- 5- 92,5% of the stations use gasoil as energy
- 6- Frequent engine power : 8, 10, 12 & 27 hp
- 7- 9 pump marks, 2 represent 69,2%
- 8- 77,8% of the pumps are centrifucal

Main results

- 9- 33% of the stations equipped with second hand pumps
- 10- Few safety and protection devices
- 11- No measurement instruments
- 12- No preventive maintenance
- 11- Important potential of energy saving

Main results

Station	Energy	Annual cost MAD	annual volume m ³	Cost MAD/ m ³	HMT m	Cost MAD/m ³ / mHMT
1	gasoil	45377	38016	1,19	35,2	0,034
2	gasoil	77845	114048	0,68	26,4	0,026
3	gasoil	34408	106920	0,32	28,6	0,011
4	electricity	66406	213840	0,31	28,6	0,011
5	gasoil	58439	83160	0,70	26,4	0,027
6	gasoil	47168	42768	1,10	35,2	0,031
7	gasoil	21599	38016	0,57	24,2	0,024
8	gasoil	21847	61776	0,35	24,2	0,014
9	gasoil	45972	47520	0,97	29,7	0,033
10	gasoil	26602	44550	0,60	31,9	0,019
11	gasoil	16324	44550	0,37	31,9	0,012
12	gasoil	26947	35640	0,76	35,2	0,022
13	gasoil + butane	9249	49896	0,19	25,3	0,008
14	gasoil	19941	47520	0,42	29,7	0,014
15	gasoil	34485	35640	0,97	33	0,029

Conclusion

- 1- Management of pumping stations is not yet mastered by the users,
- 2- Maintenance costs can be reduced,
- 3- A real potential of energy saving exists

Possible interventions

1- Improve policy and institutional support to advance energy and water use,

2- Enhance commercial management in rural power distribution,

3- Plan, design and implement energy and water efficiency programs.



Thank you